$\bigcap \Lambda$.	AR.	Con	frol	#	20	വ	Δ.	43	9
VIV	110	COLL	LI & 31	++	/11	nu-		4	г

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For EPA Use Or	dy ID #	
101 21 7 030 01		
SECTOR		

Worksheet 5. Application Summary

			Work	sheet	5. Appli	cation Sur	mmary	03-0025
	nis worksheet wil r methyl bromide						e exemptions bey	ond the 2005 phase out
Consortium Name: Tobacco Growers Association of North Carolina								
2.	. Location:		North C	arolina and	other flue-cure	d tobacco-producing	g states (SC, GA,	, VA and FL)
3.	. Crop:		Polysty	rene Trays l	Jsed for Tobac	co Seedling Produc	tion	
4.	Pounds of Me Bromide Requ	-		2005_	14,079	lbs.		
5.	Volume Treate Methyl Bromic			2005	4,693	(1,000 cu ft)		
6.	. If methyl bron	nide is req	uested for	r additional	years, reason	for request:		
	2006	14,079	lbs.	Vol	ume Treated	4,693	(1,000 cu ft)	
	2007	14,079	lbs.	Vol	lume Treated	4,693	(1,000 cu ft)	

Place an "X" in the column(s) labeled "Not Technically Feasible" and/or "Not Economically Feasible" where appropriate. Use the "Reasons" column to describe why the potential alternative is not feasible.

Potential Alternatives	Not Technically Feasible	Not Economically Feasible	Reasons
New trays each season	×		Environmental damage from disposal of large quantities of polystyrene each year.
Steam sterilization	×	Х	Steam frequently damages trays beyond usability. Fixed costs too high to purchase boilers.
Solarization	×		Solarization frequently damages trays beyond usability.
Other fungicides	×	×	Tobacco seedling market is too small for companies to label products, liability high. None available that will not damage young seedlings.
Other sanitizers	×		Liquid santitizers are not efficacious because they do not penetrate the pore in the polystyrene.
. http://			

Post Harvest